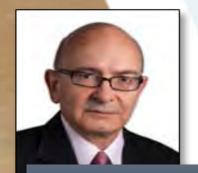
PERSPECTIVES ON CLIMATE CHANGE ACTION IN CANADA: A COLLABORATIVE REPORT FROM AUDITORS GENERAL

PRESENTATION FROM JULIE GELFAND
COMMISSIONER OF THE ENVIRONMENT
AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT
OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF CANADA

BEFORE THE STANDING COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

27 MARCH 2018



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Julie Gelfand Commissioner of the Environment and Sustainable Development Commissaire à l'environnement et au développement durable

A work in progress

 No government in Canada has met all its climate change commitments.

 Most of those who have set greenhouse gas reduction targets are not on track to meet them.

 None are fully prepared to adapt to the impacts of a changing climate.





Plans to reduce emissions

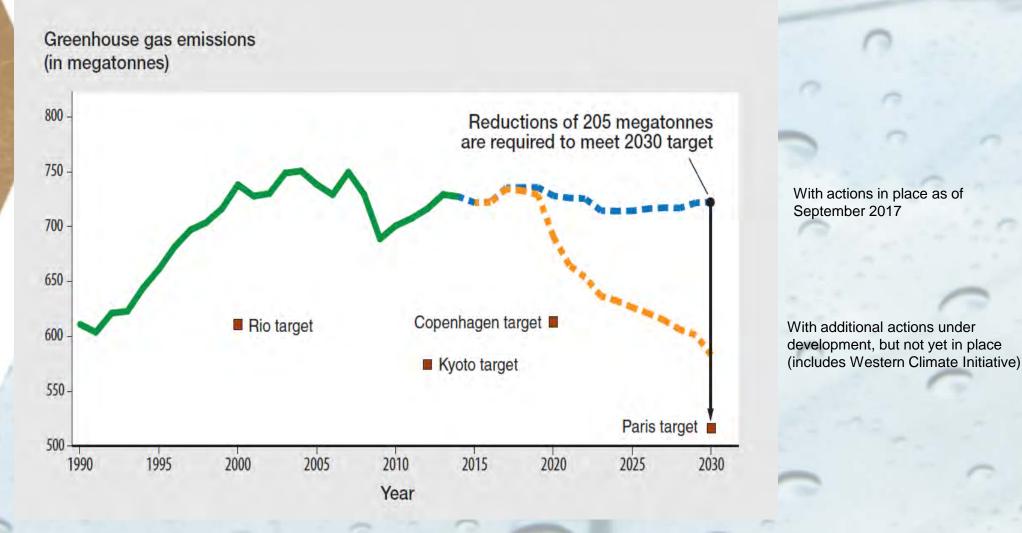
 Most jurisdictions have developed high-level mitigation strategies which included actions to reduce emissions, but they lacked detailed timelines, implementation plans, and cost estimates.

Not ready to adapt to impacts

- Most governments had not fully assessed the risks of climate change across their jurisdictions.
- Most provinces and territories had not developed detailed adaptation plans.

Limited coordination and reporting

- Coordination was limited at the federal, provincial, and territorial levels.
- Not all governments were providing elected officials and the public with regular and timely progress reports on climate change action plans.



Meeting the 2030 target will require a joint and significant effort.

Questions for the way forward

- How will federal, provincial, and territorial governments collaborate to reach Canada's national 2030 target for reducing greenhouse gas emissions?
- As they dedicate resources to adaptation actions, how will governments across Canada ensure that the most pressing risks are being prioritized?
- When will each step be completed? How will governments ensure that lead departments on climate change are given the resources and authority they need to provide leadership to other departments and agencies?
- How will governments ensure that policies within different jurisdictions are complementary rather than redundant or contradictory?
- What measures will governments use to assess their progress?